Grade 6 Islamic Religious Education

Terms 1, 2 and 3 - notes for 24 topics

IN EVERY TOPIC

- What you will learn and the key words.
- Short, clear notes with worked examples.
- Questions to try and a topic test, with the answers at the back.

TOPICS IN THESE NOTES

Topic	Name	Term
1.1	Selected Surahs: Al-Humaza, Al-Asr, At-Takathur and Al-Qariah	1
2.1	Hadith on Purity of Actions	1
2.2	Hadith on Dressing	1
2.3	Hadith on Planting	1
2.4	Hadith on Responsible Use of Human Capabilities and Resources	1
3.1	Stories of Prophets Ibrahim (A.S.) and Yusuf (A.S.)	1
3.2	Taqwa (God Consciousness)	2
3.3	Tawakkul (Reliance on Allah)	2
4.1	Twahara (Purity): Hadath and Optional Ghusl	2
4.2	Zakat	2
4.3	Saum (Fasting)	2
4.4	Hajj	2
5.1	Virtues: Work as a Form of Ibadah	2
5.2	Adalah (Justice)	2
5.3	Prohibitions in Islam: Intoxicants	2
5.4	Israf (Extravagance)	2
5.5	Dua (Supplication when travelling)	3
6.1	Fair Treatment of Workers	3
6.2	Relations with People of Other Faiths	3
6.3	Corruption	3
7.1	The Battles of Badr and Uhud	3

Elimu254 Learn • Grow • Build Tomorrow

7.2	The Treaty of Hudaibiya	3
7.3	The Conquest of Makkah (Fat-hul Makkah) and the Battle of Hunayn	3
7.4	The Farewell Pilgrimage (Hijjatul Wid'a) and Farewell Sermon	3

Elimu254
Learn • Grow • Build Tomorrow

CONTENTS

Topic	Name	Term	Page
1.1	Selected Surahs: Al-Humaza, Al-Asr, At-Takathur and Al-Qariah	1	4
2.1	Hadith on Purity of Actions	1	8
2.2	Hadith on Dressing	1	10
2.3	Hadith on Planting	1	12
2.4	Hadith on Responsible Use of Human Capabilities and Resources	1	14
3.1	Stories of Prophets Ibrahim (A.S.) and Yusuf (A.S.)	1	16
3.2	Taqwa (God Consciousness)	2	19
3.3	Tawakkul (Reliance on Allah)	2	20
4.1	Twahara (Purity): Hadath and Optional Ghusl	2	21
4.2	Zakat	2	23
4.3	Saum (Fasting)	2	25
4.4	Hajj	2	27
5.1	Virtues: Work as a Form of Ibadah	2	29
5.2	Adalah (Justice)	2	30
5.3	Prohibitions in Islam: Intoxicants	2	31
5.4	Israf (Extravagance)	2	33
5.5	Dua (Supplication when travelling)	3	34
6.1	Fair Treatment of Workers	3	35
6.2	Relations with People of Other Faiths	3	37
6.3	Corruption	3	39
7.1	The Battles of Badr and Uhud	3	41
7.2	The Treaty of Hudaibiya	3	43
7.3	The Conquest of Makkah (Fat-hul Makkah) and the Battle of Hunayn	3	45
7.4	The Farewell Pilgrimage (Hijjatul Wid'a) and Farewell Sermon	3	48
	Answers		50

Elimu254 Learn • Grow • Build Tomorrow

Strand 1.0 Qur'an | Term 1

1.1 Selected Surahs: Al-Humaza, Al-Asr, At-Takathur and Al-Qariah

WHAT YOU WILL LEARN

By the end of this topic you should be able to:

- read the selected surahs for use in devotional activities
- recite the selected surahs for use in ibaadah
- explain the basic meaning of the selected surahs to enhance positive character formation
- discuss the lessons learnt from the selected surahs for spiritual nourishment
- apply the teachings of the selected surahs in their daily life

KEY WORDS

surah, ayah (verse), Mushaf, recitation, backbiting (ghiba), slander, loss, patience (sabr), Day of Judgement (Qiyamah), scales (mizan).

1. Surah Al-Humaza: listening and reading

Surah Al-Humaza (chapter 104)

Al-Humaza is a short Makkan surah of 9 verses. Its name is often explained as "the slanderer" or "the fault-finder".

Step 1: learners listen to the surah recited by the teacher or a qualified reciter (a recording may be used).

Step 2: the teacher reads one verse at a time from the Mushaf and learners repeat.

Step 3: learners read in pairs while the teacher listens and corrects.

Recitation must follow an authentic Mushaf and a qualified reciter; this pack does not teach tajwid.

2. Surah Al-Humaza: basic meaning

General meaning of Surah Al-Humaza

Woe to every person who backbites, mocks and finds fault with others.

Such a person gathers wealth and keeps counting it, thinking his wealth will make him live forever.

He is warned that he will be thrown into the Hutamah, a crushing fire kindled by Allah (S.W.T.).

The surah warns against three things: backbiting and mocking, love of wealth, and pride.

Activity: match flash cards of the meanings with the order of the verses.

3. Surah Al-Humaza: lessons and the effects of backbiting

Lessons from Surah Al-Humaza

Avoid backbiting, gossip and mocking others.

Wealth is a trust from Allah (S.W.T.); it does not make anyone live forever.

Use wealth to help others, not to boast.

Effects of backbiting: it breaks friendships, causes quarrels, spreads lies, hurts feelings and earns sin.

Activity: in groups, learners dramatise a short scene where a learner refuses to join gossip and changes the topic.

4. Surah Al-Asr: listening and reading

Surah Al-Asr (chapter 103)

Al-Asr is a short Makkan surah of 3 verses. Al-Asr means "time".

Step 1: learners listen to the teacher or a qualified reciter.

Step 2: read verse by verse from the Mushaf and repeat.

Step 3: recite together, then in small groups.

Imam Shafi'i is widely reported to have said that if people reflected on this surah alone, it would be enough for them.

5. Surah Al-Asr: basic meaning

General meaning of Surah Al-Asr

Allah (S.W.T.) swears by time.
All people are in loss.
Except those who: (1) believe, (2) do good deeds, (3) advise one another to truth, and (4) advise one another to patience.
Activity: sort four flash cards into "the four ways out of loss".

6. Surah Al-Asr: using time well

Using time well

Pray the five daily prayers on time.
Study and do homework before play.
Help at home.
Read or recite the Qur'an daily.
Rest and play in moderation; avoid hours of idle screen time.
Activity: each learner draws a simple timetable for a school day and a weekend day, marking prayer times.

7. Surah At-Takathur: listening and reading

Surah At-Takathur (chapter 102)

At-Takathur is a short surah of 8 verses. Its name is often explained as "competing for more".
Step 1: listen to the teacher or a qualified reciter.
Step 2: read verse by verse from the Mushaf and repeat.
Step 3: recite in groups; the teacher corrects pronunciation.

8. Surah At-Takathur: basic meaning

General meaning of Surah At-Takathur

Competing for more wealth, children and status distracts people,
until they reach the graves (until they die).
They will soon come to know the truth, and they will see the Fire.
On that Day every person will be asked about the blessings (ni'mah) they enjoyed.
Activity: match the flash-card meanings with the verse numbers.

9. Surah At-Takathur: lessons for daily life

Lessons from Surah At-Takathur

Do not compete to show off wealth or possessions.
Remember death and the Hereafter.
Be grateful (shukr) for every blessing and use it well.
Be content with what Allah (S.W.T.) has given.
Activity: groups dramatise two learners comparing new shoes, and a friend reminds them gently of the surah.

10. Surah Al-Qariah: listening and reading

Surah Al-Qariah (chapter 101)

Al-Qariah is a Makkan surah of 11 verses. Its name is often explained as "the striking calamity", a name for the Day of Judgement.
Step 1: listen to the teacher or a qualified reciter.
Step 2: read verse by verse from the Mushaf and repeat.
Step 3: recite together and in pairs.

11. Surah Al-Qariah: basic meaning

General meaning of Surah Al-Qariah

The striking calamity: what will make you know what it is?
On that Day people will be like scattered moths, and mountains like fluffed-up wool.
Whoever's scales of good deeds are heavy will have a pleasing life.
Whoever's scales are light, his place will be the Hawiyah, a blazing fire.
Activity: draw a simple balance scale; label one side "good deeds" and the other "bad deeds".

12. Surah Al-Qariah: preparing for the Day of Judgement

Preparing for the Day of Judgement

Keep the five daily prayers and other pillars of Islam.
Do good deeds: kindness, charity, honesty, helping parents.
Avoid bad deeds: backbiting, lying, cheating, wasting time.
Repent (tawba) and ask Allah (S.W.T.) for forgiveness.
Review: Al-Humaza (backbiting and greed), Al-Asr (time), At-Takathur (competing for more), Al-Qariah (the Day of Judgement).

TRY THESE

1. What is the number of Surah Al-Humaza in the Qur'an?
2. How many verses does Surah Al-Humaza have?
3. Name two kinds of people warned in Surah Al-Humaza.
4. What does the hoarder think his wealth will do?
5. Give two effects of backbiting.
6. What should you do when friends start gossiping about someone?
7. What is the number of Surah Al-Asr?
8. How many verses does it have?
9. What does Allah (S.W.T.) swear by in this surah?
10. Who is in loss according to the surah?
11. Give two good ways of using time.
12. Give one way people waste time.
13. What is the number of Surah At-Takathur?
14. How many verses does it have?
15. What distracts people according to the surah?
16. Until when are they distracted?
17. Give two lessons from At-Takathur.
18. How can a learner show gratitude for good health?
19. What is the number of Surah Al-Qariah?
20. How many verses does it have?
21. What will people be like on that Day?
22. What will the mountains be like?
23. Give two ways of preparing for the Day of Judgement.
24. Which surah warns against backbiting?

TOPIC TEST

T1. Recite the surah to a partner without looking.

T2. Why does the surah link backbiting with love of wealth?

T3. Write a pledge on how you will guard your tongue this week.

T4. Recite Al-Asr from memory.

T5. Why is advising others part of being saved from loss?

T6. Keep a one-week log of how you use time after school.

T7. Recite At-Takathur from memory.

T8. Why is it dangerous to spend life only collecting things?

T9. Write three blessings and how you will use each well this week.

T10. Recite Al-Qariah from memory.

T11. Why does the surah use the picture of moths?

T12. Recite all four surahs in order.

Elimu254
Learn • Grow • Build Tomorrow

Strand 2.0 Hadith | Term 1

2.1 Hadith on Purity of Actions

WHAT YOU WILL LEARN

By the end of this topic you should be able to:

- read the selected Hadith on purity of actions for moral guidance
- apply the lessons learnt from the selected Hadith in day-to-day life
- uphold the lessons learnt from the Hadith on purity of actions for sincerity in deeds

KEY WORDS

Hadith, sincerity (ikhlas), intention (niyyah), showing off (riya), heart, deeds.

1. Reading the Hadith on purity of actions

The Hadith (as quoted in the KICD design)

"Allah does not look at your appearance or wealth, but rather He looks at your heart and actions." (Muslim)

Meaning: Allah (S.W.T.) does not judge people by their looks, clothes or money.

He judges the intention in the heart and the deeds a person does.

Teacher: confirm the wording and grading from an authenticated collection before teaching.

2. Lessons from the Hadith and purity of actions today

Lessons

Do good deeds sincerely for Allah (S.W.T.), not to be praised (riya).

Do not look down on a person because they are poor or plain.

Do not be proud of your looks or wealth.

Relevance today: people often judge by clothes, phones and cars; Islam teaches to judge by character.

Activity: groups list on a chart situations at school where purity of actions matters (helping a classmate, honest exams, cleaning when no one is watching).

3. Dramatising purity of actions

Drama tasks

Group 1: a learner gives sadaqa quietly while another boasts about giving.

Group 2: a learner cleans the classroom when the teacher is away.

Group 3: a new learner in old clothes is welcomed by a kind classmate.

After each drama the class says which action was sincere and why.

TRY THESE

1. In which collection is this Hadith reported?
2. Name two things Allah (S.W.T.) does not look at.
3. What is riya?
4. Give one example of a sincere deed at school.
5. In Group 1, whose deed is purer?
6. Why is cleaning when nobody watches a sincere deed?