ELIMU254 TOPICAL REVISION

Kenya CBC | Primary School | Grade 6

Name		**Class**	
School		**Year**	

TOPICAL REVISION QUESTIONS

GRADE 6: SOCIAL STUDIES: ALL STRANDS

150 questions in 22 exercises, with all the answers at the back

HOW TO USE THIS BOOK

1. Each subject follows the KICD curriculum design strand by strand. There is one exercise for every sub-strand, in the order it is taught.
2. Do an exercise after the sub-strand is taught, for revision before a test, or as homework and holiday work.
3. Answer in the spaces provided. For a multiple-choice question, circle the letter (A, B, C or D) of the correct answer.
4. The marks for each question are shown in brackets. Show your working where a question needs it.
5. The answers for every exercise are at the back of the book, subject by subject, for the teacher or parent to mark.

SUBJECTS IN THIS BOOK

Subject	Exercises	Questions
Social Studies	22	150

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SOCIAL STUDIES

Revision questions

NATURAL AND THE BUILT ENVIRONMENTS

Exercise 1: Position and Size of Countries in Eastern Africa (7 marks)

1. Which line of latitude passes through Kenya, Uganda and Somalia? (1 mark)

A The Tropic of Cancer **B** The Equator

C The Prime Meridian **D** The Tropic of Capricorn

2. Which country lies to the south of Kenya? (1 mark)

A Ethiopia **B** Uganda

C Somalia **D** Tanzania

3. A country that has no coastline is said to be: (1 mark)

A landlocked **B** an island

C a peninsula **D** coastal

4. Name the largest and the smallest country in Eastern Africa by area. (2 marks)

5. Give two things that show the unity of Eastern African countries. (2 marks)

Exercise 2: Main physical features in Eastern Africa (9 marks)

1. Which is the highest mountain in Africa? (1 mark)

A Mount Kenya **B** Mount Elgon

C Mount Kilimanjaro **D** The Rwenzori

2. Lake Victoria was formed by: (1 mark)

A downwarping of the land **B** faulting in the Rift Valley

C a volcano **D** people digging

3. The River Nile leaves Lake Victoria at: (1 mark)

A Kisumu **B** Mwanza

C Entebbe **D** Jinja

4. Explain how volcanic mountains such as Mount Kenya were formed. (2 marks)

5. Explain how a block mountain such as the Rwenzori was formed. (2 marks)

6. Give two reasons why we should conserve the physical features in our locality. (2 marks)

Exercise 3: Climatic regions in Eastern Africa (15 marks)

1. Snow can be seen on the peaks of Mount Kilimanjaro. These peaks have a: (1 mark)

A coastal climate **B** semi-desert climate

C equatorial climate **D** highland (mountain) climate

2. Which climate is hot and humid with sea breezes? (1 mark)

A Highland **B** Coastal

C Semi-desert **D** Mountain

3. Which climate has rain all year and is hot and wet? (1 mark)

A Semi-desert **B** Highland

C Equatorial **D** Tropical

4. Name four main climatic regions of Eastern Africa. (4 marks)

5. A place in northern Kenya has very little, unreliable rain and is hot all year.

(a) Name its climatic region. (1 mark)

(b) Give two characteristics of the highland climate. (2 marks)

6. Give three ways in which climate influences human activities in Eastern Africa. (3 marks)

7. Give two ways a community in a dry area can prepare for drought. (2 marks)

Exercise 4: Vegetation in Eastern Africa (15 marks)

1. Grassland with scattered trees such as acacia is called: (1 mark)

A savanna **B** mangrove

C rainforest **D** semi-desert

2. Semi-desert plants have thorns or tiny leaves in order to: (1 mark)

A grow tall **B** attract birds

C reduce water loss **D** make shade

3. Mangrove forests are found: (1 mark)

A on mountain tops **B** along the coast

C in semi-deserts **D** around Lake Turkana

4. Name four main types of vegetation in Eastern Africa. (4 marks)

5. Mangrove forests grow at Lamu and in the Rufiji delta.

(a) Where do mangrove trees grow? (1 mark)

(b) Give two characteristics of savanna vegetation. (2 marks)

6. Give three ways of conserving vegetation at home and at school. (3 marks)

7. Name the body that protects forests in Kenya and give one way forests help people. (2 marks)

Exercise 5: Historic Built Environments (13 marks)

1. Fort Jesus is found in: (1 mark)

A Kisumu **B** Mombasa

C Nairobi **D** Lamu

2. The Kasubi Tombs are found in: (1 mark)

A Kenya **B** Tanzania

C Rwanda **D** Uganda

3. Historic built environments help the economy mainly by: (1 mark)

A attracting tourists **B** growing food

C making rain **D** producing minerals

4. Name four historic built environments in Eastern Africa and the country where each is found. (4 marks)

5. Give three ways in which historic built environments are important. (3 marks)

6. Give two ways of conserving historic built environments. (2 marks)

7. Which body takes care of museums and monuments in Kenya? (1 mark)

PEOPLE AND SOCIAL ORGANISATION

Exercise 6: Language groups in Eastern Africa (18 marks)

1. To which language group do the Luo belong? (1 mark)

A Bantu **B** Cushites

C Nilotes **D** Arabs

2. The Bantu came into Eastern Africa from: (1 mark)

A the Congo basin **B** the Nile valley

C the Ethiopian highlands **D** the Arabian peninsula

3. Which community is Cushitic? (1 mark)

A The Akamba **B** The Maasai

C The Abagusii **D** The Somali

4. Name the three language groups of Eastern Africa and give two communities in each. (6 marks)

5. Where did the Bantu, the Nilotes and the Cushites come from? (3 marks)

6. Give three reasons why communities migrated into Eastern Africa. (3 marks)

7. Give three effects of the migration and settlement of the language groups. (3 marks)

Exercise 7: Population distribution in Eastern Africa (15 marks)

1. Which of these areas has a low population density? (1 mark)

A The area around Lake Victoria **B** Northern Kenya

C Rwanda **D** Nairobi

2. Which factor attracts many people to live in an area? (1 mark)

A Very low rainfall **B** Steep, rocky slopes

C Tsetse flies **D** Fertile soils

3. Which two small countries are very densely populated? (1 mark)

A Somalia and Djibouti **B** Ethiopia and Sudan

C Rwanda and Burundi **D** South Sudan and Eritrea

4. Explain why the area around Lake Victoria is densely populated. (2 marks)

5. Give three physical factors that make an area densely populated. (3 marks)

6. Name two areas of high population density and two areas of low population density in Eastern Africa. (4 marks)

7. Give three effects of high population density. (3 marks)

Exercise 8: Culture and Social Organisation (15 marks)

1. People initiated at about the same time belong to the same: (1 mark)

A age-set **B** clan

C family **D** county

2. In traditional society, disputes within the clan were settled by: (1 mark)

A the youth **B** clan elders

C the children **D** visitors

3. Which aspect of traditional culture should be preserved? (1 mark)

A Female genital mutilation **B** Early marriage

C Cattle rustling **D** Respect for elders

4. Give two differences between an age-group and an age-set. (2 marks)

5. What is an age-set? Give two roles of age-sets in traditional society. (3 marks)

6. Give three functions of a clan in traditional African society. (3 marks)

7. Some aspects of African traditional culture should be preserved and some dropped.

(a) Give three aspects that ought to be preserved. (3 marks)

(b) Why should harmful practices be dropped? (1 mark)